

E = As; X₂ = I₂,²⁵ IBr²⁶), or the trigonal-bipyramidal species, Ph₃PCl₂ established for Ph₃EX₂ (E = P; X = F;^{22,23} E = As; X = Br,²⁶ F²⁷), or the simple ionic species [Ph₃PCl]Cl which has not been crystallographically characterised but strongly suggested from a variety of spectroscopic studies; rather, an unusual dinuclear ionic species† which contains long Cl–Cl contacts, [Ph₃P–Cl···Cl···Cl–PPh₃] Cl **1**, Fig. 2. The Cl–Cl contacts are 3.279(6) Å which can be compared to the dichlorine van der Waals radius of 3.6 Å. The distances therefore represent long but significant interactions in the solid state. The solution ³¹P{H} NMR spectrum of **1** in CDCl₃ and CD₃CN solutions revealed a single peak at δ 65.5 and 66.5, respectively, relative to 85% H₃PO₄, i.e. similar to shifts reported by earlier workers.

In conclusion, not only is **1** the first crystallographically characterised compound of stoichiometry R₃PCl₂, it also exhibits a previously unconsidered structure for any compound of formula R₃EX₂ (E = P, As, Sb; X₂ = F₂, Cl₂, Br₂, I₂, IBr). It may be suggested that this structure represents an intermediate between the two bonding extremes, viz. the covalent Ph₃P–X–X and the ionic [Ph₃PX]X. The former structure is stable for X = Br, I, but for X = Cl a new structural motif assembles.

We are grateful to the EPSRC for a research studentship (to J. M. S.).

Footnote

† The complex crystallises as [Ph₃PCl···Cl···ClPPh₃]Cl·2CH₂Cl₂; there is no bonding interaction between **1** and the dichloromethane solvent of crystallisation molecules: *Crystal data*: cubic, space group *Pa* $\bar{3}$ (no. 205), *a* = 15.994(5) Å, *U* = 4091(1) Å³, *Z* = 4, *D*_c = 1.358 g cm⁻³, *μ* = 6.57 cm⁻¹, *F*(000) = 1712. The structure analysis is based on 782 reflections (*Mo*–Kα, 2θ_{max} = 49.9°), 265 observed [*I* > 1.75σ(*I*)], 82 parameters. Absorption correction (min., max. transmission 0.82, 1.00). The structure was solved by direct methods and refined by full-matrix least-squares. Final residuals *R* = 0.057, *R*_w = 0.054. The dichloromethane solvent of crystallisation was disordered. Atomic coordinates, bond lengths and angles, and thermal parameters have been deposited at the Cambridge Crystallographic Data Centre (CCDC). See Information for Authors, Issue No. 1. Any request to the CCDC for this material should quote the full literature citation and the reference number 182/252.

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Received, 11th September 1996; Com. 6/062841